

[Updated Constantly]

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[Introduction to Linux I – Chapter 19 Exam Answers 2019 + PDF file](#)

1. A device name of `/dev/hda1` indicates this partition is on which type of device?
 - **IDE**
 - CDROM
 - Logical Volume
 - SATA
2. A device name of `/dev/sda1` indicates this partition is on which type of device?
 - IDE
 - **SATA**
 - CDROM
 - Logical Volume
3. Which of the following is not a common reason to create a partition?
 - To support multiple operating systems on a single computer
 - To increase the security of a filesystem
 - To make it easier to keep home directories during a software upgrade
 - **To increase fragmentation of free space across the disk**
4. Which directories are typically writable to all users? (choose two)
 - /home
 - **/var/tmp**
 - /
 - **/tmp**
5. Which directory is the root file system mounted on?
 - /rootfs
 - /root
 - **/**
 - /home
6. In which directory are you most likely to find software from third-party publishers?
 - **/opt**
 - /var/lib
 - /usr/local
 - /usr/third
7. Which directory does not have to be a part of the root filesystem?

- **/home**
 - /etc
 - /lib
 - /bin
8. Which of the following filesystems does not support journaling?
- **ext2**
 - ext3
 - jfs
 - ext4
9. A system that contains Linux as well as a Microsoft Windows operating system is called a:
- This sort of system cannot exist
 - **Dual boot system**
 - A file base system
 - Multi environment system
10. In what directory are you most likely to find user's home directories?
- /usr/third
 - **/home**
 - /var/lib
 - /usr/local
11. Virtual memory is also referred to as:
- **Swap memory**
 - Test memory
 - Soft memory
 - Hard memory
12. Which directory structure has directories which may have heavy activity for services like mail, ftp, httpd and printing?
- /root
 - /home
 - **/var**
 - /rootfs
13. Which directory structure contains the bulk of the operating system's files:
- /rootfs
 - **/usr**
 - /root
 - /home